

Installation Guide



Distributed in Ontario by Phoenix Building Components







Standard SIP Wall Panel Product Line

Available in 4.5", 6.5" and 8.25" thicknesses



Recess for Bottom Plate





Standard SIP Roof Panel Product Line

Available in 6.5", 8.25", 10.25" and 12.25" thicknesses

TOP VIEW CUSTOM SPLINE DETAILS

NOW AVAILABLE

No Recess LIFTING PLATES Option 1 No Recess to aid in installation of the larger panels Surface Spline Block Spline or Lumber Spline Standard 4' panels now up to 24' 24 20 18 16 14 12 10 9 8 New 8' WIDE panels up to 24' in length 24 20 18 16 14 12 10 9 8



Option 2 Recess for Block Spline or Lumber Spline

SIDE VIEW for ENDS of SIP panel





Standard SIP Foundation/Frostwall Panel Product Line

Available in 6.5" (limited application), 8.25" and 10.25" thicknesses







Structural Insulated Panel SIP R-Value

Residential Occupancy insulation requirements in accordance with OBC-2006

The following outlines the 2006 Ontario Building Code requirements for thermal insulation and the minimum size of Structural Insulated Panel - SIP needed to fulfill that requirement.

Required Thermal Resistance, references sections 12.2 and 12.3 9.25.2.1 Minimum R-value must conform to table 12.3.2.1 for minimum thermal resistance of Insulation 12.2.1.1. (3)

From OBC-2006 Table 12.3.2.1, Thermal Resistance of Insulation based on Degree Day Zones

Description for: Building Element Exposed to the Exterior or to Unheated Space	ZONE 1 MIN R-Value	SIP Solution MIN EPS Size (in)	SIP R Value	ZONE 2 MIN R-Value	SIP Solution MIN EPS Size (in)	SIP R Value	ELEC Space Heat R-Value	SIP Solution MIN EPS Size (in)	SIP R Value
	(1)			(2)			(3)		
Ceiling below attic or roof space	40.0	9-3/8"	42.50	40.0	9-3/8"	42.50	50.0	11-3/8"	52.00
Roof assembly without attic or roof space	28.0	7-3/8"	33.00	28.0	7-3/8"	33.00	28.0	7-3/8"	33.00
Wall other than foundation wall	19.0	5-5/8"	24.70	24.0	5-5/8"	24.70	29.0	7-3/8"	33.00
Foundation walls enclosing heated spaces	12.0	3-5/8"	15.20	12.0	3-5/8"	15.20	19.0	5-3/8"	24.70

Notes:

(1) - Zone 1 defined as number of degree days less than 5000. Consult Table 1.2 in SB-1 "Supplementary Standard" from OBC-2006 for your specific location - Examples (Location/Degree Days): London 4150, Niagara Falls 3700, Toronto 4000, Barrie 4600, Kingston 4300, Ottawa 4600, Sudbury 5400, North Bay 5300, Timmins 6200 (2) (3)

- Zone 2 similarly defined as above, where number of degree days for the location is 5000 or more

- Either Zone 1 or Zone 2, where Electric space heaters (e.g. baseboard heaters) are the main source of heating

PorterSIPS SIP Structural Insulated Panel, Thermal resistance expressed as R-Value

SIP Size	EPS Size	SIP- R Value [*]			
4.5"	3.625"	15.2			
6.5"	5.625"	24.7			
8.25"	7.375"	33.0			
10.25"	9.375"	42.5			
12.25"	11.375"	52.0			

* R-Values for PorterSIPs are based on tested EPS R-values at temperatures of 40 and 75 degrees F (4.4 and 24 degrees C) plus 2-7/16" OSB skins are calculated based on the thicknesses of EPS listed in the tables above as follows: 15.2/13.9, 24.7/21.9, 33.0/28.3, 42.5/36.0, 52.0/47.3



Installation Details



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SIP's Construction Tips and Warnings

- 1.) Handle SIPs with care.
- Provide adequate support for SIPs when storing them.
 Store SIPs lying flat and covered.
- 3.) Provide 1-1/2" diameter access holes in plating to align with electrical chases in SIPs where optional chase openings are provided.
- 4.) Hold sill plate back from edge of floor system 7/16" (5/8" for PWF) to allow full bearing of SIP OSB skins onto surface below.
- 5.) Use a <u>SEALANT</u> (Recommended: Tremco- Dymonic FC caulking) on WOOD-TO-WOOD connections, and <u>LOW-E FOAM</u>, low expansion polyurethane gun foam (Recommended: IPF Green) for WOOD-TO-EPS and EPS-TO-EPS connections.
- 6.) Provide level and square foundations or floors that support SIP walls.
- 7.) Do not put plumbing in SIPs without consulting panel manufacturer.
- 8.) Only cut small access slots in the skins parallel to the strength direction for electrical chases (eg. up down wiring in walls), DO NOT CUT HORIZONTALLY or perpendicular or you will destroy the strength of the SIP.
- 9.) Provide adequate bracing of panels during erection.
- 10.) Remove debris from plate area prior to panel placement to ensure flush bearing on the SIP skins.
- 11.) Do not install an untreated (non-PWF) SIP directly on concrete.
- 12.) Do not or drop SIPs on corners, avoid damaging SIPs on the jobsite.
- 13.) Do not put recessed lighting in SIPs.

STRUCTURAL INSULATED PANEL INSTALLATION GUIDE

CONSTRUCTION TIPS AND WARNINGS

38-001

structural insulated panels

PORTERCORP 4240 N. 136th AVE HOLLAND, MI 49424 800.354.7721
































































Foundation and Frostwall

GENERAL NOTES ON PWF SIP PANELS:

•Detailing and installation of the PWF SIP panels should be in accordance with: CAN/CSA-S406, <u>Construction of Preserved Wood Foundations</u>

•Design on panel and associated backfill height not covered in the tables should be carried out by an engineer qualified in the design of PWF systems

•The exterior plywood skin and lumber used in manufacture of PWF SIP panels must be in accordance to CAN/CSA-080.15

•Untreated wood may be used for exterior top plates more than 8" above the adjacent exterior grade, floor structures more than 12" above the granular drainage layer or interior ground level of a ventilated crawl space and interior columns separated from the concrete by a damp-proofing material

•Treated lumber should not be cut in a lengthwise direction, unless where ripping a wall cap to match the SIP width, where the cut side is installed on the interior side of the wall. Cross cutting and the cutting of plywood is permitted since these surfaces will readily absorb brushed on field preservative

The cut surfaces should be treated with a copper naphthenate preservative prepared with a solvent conforming to CAN/CSA 080.201, usually available from building supply retailers
All nails, staples and mechanical connectors must be corrosion resistant. Nails should be either hot dipped galvanized or stainless steel conforming to CSA-B111. Staples must be stainless steel and have a minimum diameter of 1/16" with a crown of a minimum 3/8" Type 304 or 315 steel (staples are not recommended)

•Framing anchors and straps in contact with treated materials must be hot dipped galvanized in accordance with ASTM A653M-96 or Zinc Iron Alloy coated by the hot dipped process. They must be used at the location of every joist where nailing alone will not transfer the loads, backfills exceeding 5'

•Caulking should be used anywhere a watertight seal is required, wood-to-wood connections in the SIPs and should be used to provide an air tight seal on the inside of the structure where suitable. Must be in accordance with CAN/CGSB-19.13, Sealing Compound, One Component, Elastomeric, Chemical Curing

•Low-E Gun Foam should be of a sealant type, low expansion conforming to ASTM E-2178-03 Air Barrier and CAN/ULC S102Fire Retardant

•Protect SIPs from being damaged on site, particularly edges and corners

•Structural 2x lumber splines should be in accordance with CSA-0141, must be #2 grade or better, and bear the PWF stamp verifying treatment in accordance with CSA 0322

•Both inside corners and outside corners of the foundation wall system should have a plywood protection installed over the poly prior to backfill

•Footings and foundations should be carefully leveled to ensure full bearing of both exterior and interior skins onto the support below

•Unequal backfill heights may require further analysis due to the possible introduction of horizontal load differential

•Surcharge loads from driveways and garages may need to be considered beyond simply supporting the load on the soil beside any foundation wall. It may require a separate support structure beside the foundation wall to support the surcharge alone

•Brick veneer may be supported either on the SIP wall or on a separate framed wall. Care in detailing the flow of moisture is critical

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structural insulated panels

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PWF SIP PANEL OVERVIEW:

PWF foundation SIP panels are designed to carry the wall load from above while resisting soil pressure from the backfill. The horizontal load is transferred into the floor system, carried primarily by the floor sheathing diaphragm. It is important that all connections and fasteners be installed by the building code requirements and the details outlined in this guide.

Proper protection from moisture for any foundation system is extremely important, and even more so in a PWF foundation system. A continuous moisture barrier typically of 6 mil poly needs to be carefully applied and detailed to ensure good moisture protection. Mechanical fasteners such as nails or staple should NOT be used to fasten any moisture barrier to the wall as it will create penetrations in the barrier. A wood protection plate at grade level provides both a means of hanging the moisture barrier as well as addition protection for the wood where the both water and air exist.

Draining water away from the foundation system and basement floor should be detailed in a careful manner. Exterior moisture must be able to pass through the footing into the basement floor drainage layer into a sump pit where it can be pumped away from the structure as needed. For footings on undisturbed soil, drainage holes MUST be provided though the footing to allow water to pass through the footing into the drainage layer/sump system below the basement floor, otherwise water will pool against the foundation wall and cause leaking and/or damage to the structure. Where panels are installed on a footing resting on bedrock, special drainage systems incorporating proper drainage layers may need additional design considerations.

Joints in the panels, bottom edges, the heads of the limited fasteners that need to be used for corners, protection plate and corner protectors must all be sealed using an appropriate caulking material. This is a secondary means of moisture protection if the 6 mil poly becomes damaged during backfilling. It is recommended that two layers be considered.

Be sure to seal the base of the wall against the footing in the case where moisture does get in behind the barrier. Be sure that the barrier does not block the drainage layer which will stop the passage of moisture through the foundation into the drainage layer/sump system.

Extra care should be taken to ensure that all footing surfaces are flat. The vertical strength of the SIP panel is based on the continuous bearing along both the plywood/OSB skins of the panel. If the footing is not level, it may cause localized stress in the panel as well as moisture passageways beneath the bottom plate.

Dimple board is NOT a moisture barrier and should be avoided. It may serve as a means to protect the moisture barrier during backfill, but problems often occur fastening in the wall without mechanical fasteners. Further, the rolled material is difficult to lay flat against the wall and may create openings at the top which might promote the entrance of moisture inadvertently.

It is good practice to extend the Protection Plate further up the wall to tie into the flashing that is often installed at the bottom of the wall covering system This will add one more level of protection against moisture penetrating onto the PWF wall system.

With proper care in detailing and installation, the SIP PWF Foundation will provide a superior living space for years to come.

STRUCTURAL INSULATED PANEL INSTALLATION GUIDE



structural insulated panels

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STEP BY STEP CORNER INSTALLATION:

BE SURE TO USE CAULK AND LOW-E FOAM CORRECTLY DURING EACH STEP.

 INSTALL 2X PWF STUD INTO THE WALL PANEL SHOWN (RIGHT SIDE, UPPER WALL IN THIS SKETCH), NAILING INTO THE SIDES ONLY FOR THIS STEP
 ATTACH PWF STUD WHICH WILL BE RECEIVING THE OTHER WALL WITH TWO ROWS OF 3" NAILS AS SHOWN, ONE INTO THE STUD, ONE INTO THE PANEL
 TRIM BACK 3/4" OF THE PWF PLYWOOD SKIN OF THE SECOND PANEL, TO ALLOW FOR OVERLAP OF THE COVER STRIP (DO NOT TRIM THE OSB SKIN)
 INSTALL THE SECOND PANEL AS SHOWN
 APPLY PWF PLYWOOD COVER STRIP



STEP BY STEP CORNER INSTALLATION- OPTIONAL DETAIL, NO COVER STRIP REQ'D:

BE SURE TO USE CAULK AND LOW-E FOAM CORRECTLY DURING EACH STEP.

 INSTALL PANEL B WITH PWF STUD INSERTED AT THE END, SET-BACK 5/8" FROM INTENDED LOCATION TO ALLOW FOR OVERLAP OF PLYWOOD SKIN FROM PANEL A. BE SURE TO USE SEALANT (CAULK) FOR WOOD TO WOOD CONNECTIONS AND LOW-E FOAM FOR EPS TO WOOD CONNECTIONS.
 ATTACH PWF STUD TO SIDE OF PANEL PANEL B, WHICH WILL BE RECEIVING PANEL A, WITH TWO ROWS OF 3" NAILS AS SHOWN, ONE IN THE STUD, ONE IN PANEL 3. ATTACH PANEL A TO THE ATTACHED STUD, NAILING WITH 2" NAILS AT 6" O/C AS SHOWN. SEAL AND FOAM AS REOUIRED.



STRUCTURAL INSULATED PANEL INSTALLATION GUIDE

PWF PANEL-TO-PANEL OPTIONAL-CORNER CONNECTION

38-901a



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PWF SIP PANEL CORNER PROTECTION:

CSA-S406 REQUIRES THAT THE MOISTURE BARRIER BE PROTECTED AT BOTH INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR CORNERS FROM MECHANICAL DAMAGE THAT MIGHT OCCUR DURING BACKFILLING

USE TREATED PLYWOOD (NEED NOT BE PWF TREATED)

THE MOISTURE BARRIER SHOULD BE INSTALLED FIRST WITH THE COVER PLATE, WITH THE PROTECTION INSTALLED OVER

OUTSIDE CORNER SHOWN, INSIDE CORNER SIMILAR





















KNEE WALL SUPPORTING CONCRETE GARAGE FLOOR SLAB WHERE WALL NOT DESIGNED TO CARRY SURCHARGE LOAD



KNEE WALL SUPPORTING BRICK VENEER (OPTION TO SUPPORTING ON PWF SIP WALL)











Code Report



PRODUCT:PorterCorp Structural Insulated PanelsDIVISION:Wood and Plastics (06)SECTION:Structural Panels (06 12 16)

Report Holder PorterCorp 4240 North 136th Ave, Holland, MI 46424

Manufacturing Locations PorterCorp 4240 North 136th Ave, Holland, MI 46424

1. SUBJECT

PorterCorp Wall and Roof Structural Insulated Panels. Wall and Roof Panels 8-ft to 24ft, 4-5/8-in to 12-3/8in thick

2. SCOPE

NTA, Inc. has evaluated the above product(s) for compliance with the applicable sections of the following codes:

- 2006 International Building Code (IBC)
- 2006 International Residential Code (IRC)

NTA, Inc. has evaluated the following properties of the above product(s):

- Structural performance under axial, transverse, and racking loads.
- Surface burning characteristics and self-ignition temperature.

3. USES

3.1. General. *PorterCorp Structural Insulated Panels* are used as structural insulated roof, and wall panels capable of resisting transverse, racking, and axial compressive loads.

3.2. Construction Types. PorterCorp Structural Insulated Panels shall be considered combustible building elements when determining the Type of Construction in accordance with 2006 IBC Chapter 6.^(NACU1)

3.3. Fire Resistive Assemblies. *PorterCorp Structural Insulated Panels* shall not be used as part of a fire-rated assembly unless suitable evidence and details are submitted and approved by the authority having jurisdiction.^(ACU15)

4. DESCRIPTION

4.1. General. PorterCorp Structural Insulated Panels are factory-assembled, engineered-wood-faced, structural insulated panels (SIP) with an expanded polystyrene (EPS) foam core. The panels are intended for use as load-bearing or non-load bearing wall and roof panels. Panels are available in 4-5/8-inch through 12-3/8-inch overall thicknesses. The panels are custom made to the specifications for each use and are assembled under factory-controlled conditions. The maximum panel size is 8-ft wide and up to 24-ft in length.

4.2. Materials

4.2.1. Facing. The facing consists of two single-ply oriented strand board (OSB) facings a minimum of 7/16-inch thick conforming to APA PRN-610 and DOC PS 2-04, Exposure 1, Rated Sheathing with a span index of 24/16. Panels may be manufactured with the facing strength axis oriented in either direction with respect to the direction of SIP panel bending provided the appropriate strength values are used.

4.2.2. Core. The core material is 1.0 pcf density expanded polystyrene (EPS) foam (0.95 pcf minimum). The foam core has a flame spread rating not exceeding 75 and a smoke-developed rating not exceeding 450 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.

4.2.3. Adhesive. Facing materials are adhered to the core material using a structural adhesive. The adhesive is applied during the lamination process in accordance with the in-plant quality control manual.

4.2.4. Material Sources. The facing, core and adhesive used in the construction of *PorterCorp Structural Insulated Panels* shall be composed only of materials from approved sources as identified in Table 8.

4.2.5. Splines. *PorterCorp Structural Insulated Panels* are interconnected with surface splines, block splines, dimensional lumber splines, or engineered structural splines (Figure 1).

4.2.5.1. Surface Splines. Surface splines (Figure 1) consist of 3-inch. wide by 7/16-in thick or thicker, OSB. At each panel joint, one surface spline is inserted into

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each of two tight-fitting slots in the core. The slots in the core are located just inside the facing.

4.2.5.2. Block Splines. Block splines (Figure 1) are manufactured in the same manner as the overall SIP panel except with an overall thickness that is 1-inch less than the overall thickness of the panel to be joined.

4.2.5.3. Dimensional Lumber Splines. Dimensional lumber splines (Figure 1) consist of one or more plies of dimensional lumber.

4.2.5.4 Structural Splines. Structural splines consist of one or more plies of dimensional lumber or an engineered wood product.

5. DESIGN

5.1. Overall Structural System. The scope of this report is limited to the evaluation of the SIP panel component. Panel connections and other details related to incorporation of the panel into the overall structural system of a building are beyond the scope of this report.^(NACU3)

5.2. Design Approval. Where required by the authority having jurisdiction, structures using PorterCorp Structural Insulated Panels shall be designed by a registered design professional. Construction documents, including engineering calculations and drawings providing floor plans, window details, door details, and connector details, shall be submitted to the code official when application is made for a permit. The individual preparing such documents shall posses the necessary qualifications as required by the applicable code and the professional registration laws of the state where the construction is undertaken. Approved construction documents shall be available at all times on the jobsite during installation. $^{(\rm NACU4)}$

5.3. Design Loads. Design loads to be resisted by the SIP panels shall be as required under the applicable building code. Loads on the panels shall not exceed the loads noted in this report.

5.4. Allowable Loads. Allowable axial, transverse, and racking loads may be calculated using the panel properties provided in Tables 1 and 2, or may be selected from Tables 4 through 7. Panel height and span are limited as provided in Table 3. Unless otherwise noted, all properties and allowable loads apply to panels joined with surface or block splines. Allowable loads for reinforced panel capacities shall be designed by a registered professional. Calculations demonstrating that the loads applied are less than the

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allowable loads described in this report shall be submitted to the code official for approval.^(NACU5) For loading conditions not specifically addressed herein structural members designed in accordance with accepted engineering practice shall be provided to meet applicable code requirements.

5.5. Concentrated Loads. Axial loads shall be applied to the SIP panel through continuous members such as structural insulated panels or repetitive members spaced at regular intervals of 24-inches on center, or less. Such members shall be fastened to a rim board or similar member to distribute the load to the SIP panel. For other loading conditions, such as concentrated loads, reinforcement shall be provided. This reinforcement shall be designed in accordance with accepted engineering practice.^(ACU13)

5.6. Eccentric and Side Loads. Axial loads shall be applied concentrically to the top of the SIP panel. Loads shall not be applied eccentrically or through framing attached to one side of the panel (such as balloon framing) except where additional engineering documentation is provided.^(ACU14)

5.7. Openings. Openings in panels shall be reinforced with wood or steel designed in accordance with accepted engineering practice to resist all loads applied to the opening as required by the adopted code. Details for door and window openings shall be provided to clarify the manner of supporting axial, transverse and/or racking shear loads at openings. Such details shall be shown on approved design documents and subject to approval by the local authority having jurisdiction.^(ACUB)

5.8. In-Plane Shear Design. Shear walls utilizing block or surface splines shall be sized to resist all code required wind and seismic loads without exceeding the allowable loads provided in Table 7. The maximum panel height-to-width ratio shall be 2:1.^(ACU18) Shearwall chords, holdowns, and connections to transfer shear forces between the wall and surrounding structure shall be designed in accordance with accepted engineering practice. Allowable strengths for shear walls with structural splines along each panel edge shall be designed in accordance with accepted engineering practice and subject to the limitations for wood sheathed shear walls.

5.8.1. Seismic Design. Use of panels as shear walls (racking shear) is limited to structures in Seismic Design Categories A, B and C.^(NACU3) Where SIP panels are used to resist seismic forces the following factors shall be used for design: Response Modification

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Coefficient, R = 2.0; System Overstrength Factor, $\Omega_0 = 2.5$; Deflection Amplification Factor, $C_d = 2.0$.^(ACU17)

5.9. Combined Loads. Panels subjected to any combination of transverse, axial or in plane shear loads shall be analyzed utilizing a straight line interaction in accordance with *NTA IM14 TIP 01 SIP Design Guide*.

6. INSTALLATION

6.1. General. PorterCorp Structural Insulated Panels shall be fabricated, identified and erected in accordance with this report, the approved construction documents and the applicable code. In the event of a conflict between the manufacturer's published installation instructions and this report, this report shall govern. Approved construction documents shall be available at all times on the jobsite during installation.^(NACU7)

6.2. Splines. PorterCorp Structural Insulated Panels are interconnected at the panel edges through the use of a spline. The spline type may be of any configuration listed in Section 4.2.4, as required by the specific design. The spline shall be secured in place with not less than 0.131-in. x 2-1/2-in. nails, 6-in. on-center, or an approved equivalent fastener. All joints shall be sealed in accordance with the SIP manufacturer's installation instructions. Alternate spline connections may be required for panels subjected to in-plane racking forces. Such panels shall be interconnected exactly as required in Table 7, or as directed by the designer.

6.3. Plates. The top and bottom plates of the panels shall be dimensional or engineered lumber sized to match the core thickness of the panel. The plates shall be secured using not less than 0.131-in. x 2-1/2-in. nails spaced 6-inches on center, on both sides, or an approved equivalent fastener.

A second plate composed of 1-1/8-in. minimum thickness dimensional or engineered lumber with a specific gravity of 0.42 that is cut to the full thickness of the panel shall be secured to the first top plate using 0.133-in. x 3-in. nails or an approved equivalent fastener.

6.4. Cutting and Notching. No field cutting or routing of the panels shall be permitted except as shown on approved drawings.^(NACU6)

6.5. Protection from Decay. SIPs that rest on exterior foundation walls shall not be located within 8-inches from exposed earth. SIPs supported by concrete or masonry that is in direct contact with earth shall be

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protected from the concrete or masonry by a moisture barrier. $^{({\rm ACU6})}$

6.6. Protection from Termites. In areas subject to damage from termites, SIP panels shall be protected from termites using an approved method. Panels shall not be installed below grade or in contact with earth.^(ACU7)

6.7. Heat-Producing Fixtures. Heat-producing fixtures shall not be installed in the panels unless protected by a method approved by the code official or documented in test reports. This limitation shall not be interpreted to prohibit heat-producing elements with suitable protection.^(NACU9)

6.8. Plumbing Installation. Plumbing and waste lines may extend at right angles through the wall panels but are not permitted vertically within the core. Lines shall not interrupt splines or panel plates unless approved by the local authority having jurisdiction.^(NACU2)

6.9. Voids and Holes

6.9.1 Voids in Core. In lieu of openings designed in accordance with section 5.7 the following are permitted. Voids may be provided in the panel core during fabrication at predetermined locations only. Voids parallel to the panel span shall be limited to a single 1-inch maximum (outside diameter) hole. Such voids shall be spaced a minimum of 4-feet on center, measured perpendicular to the panel span. Two ½-inch diameter holes may be substituted for the single 1-inch hole provided they are maintained parallel and within 2-inches of each other.^(ACU12)

Voids perpendicular to the panel span (parallel to the support) shall be limited to a single 1-inch maximum (outside diameter) hole placed not closer than 16-inches from the support. Additional voids in the same direction shall be spaced not less than 28-inches on center.

6.9.2 Holes in Panels. Holes may be placed in panels during fabrication at predetermined locations only. Holes shall be limited to 4-inches x 4-inches square. The minimum distance between holes shall not be less than 4-feet on center measured perpendicular to the panel span and 24-inches on center measured parallel to the panel span. Not more than three holes shall be provided in a single line of holes parallel to the panel span. The holes may intersect voids permitted elsewhere in this report. ^(ACU16)

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6.10. Panel Cladding

6.10.1 Roof Covering. The roof covering, underlayment and flashing shall comply with the applicable code(s). All roofing materials must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions. The use of roof coverings requiring the application of heat during installation shall be reviewed and approved by a registered design professional.

6.10.2 Exterior Wall Covering. Panels shall be covered on the exterior by a water-resistive barrier as required by the applicable code. The water-resistive barrier shall be attached with flashing in such a manner as to provide a continuous water-resistive barrier behind the exterior wall veneer.^(ACU10) The exterior facing of the SIP wall shall be covered with weather protection as required by the adopted building code or other approved materials.

6.10.3 Interior Wall Covering. The SIP panel foam plastic core shall be separated from the interior of the building by an approved thermal barrier of 0.5-inch gypsum wallboard or equivalent thermal barrier where required by 2006 IBC 2603.

7. CONDITIONS OF USE

PorterCorp Structural Insulated Panels as described in this report comply with the codes listed in Section 2.0, subject to the following conditions:

- **7.1.** Installation complies with this report and the approved construction documents.
- **7.2.** This report applies only to the panel thicknesses specifically listed herein.^(ACU2)
- **7.3.** In use panel heights/spans shall not exceed the values listed herein. Extrapolation beyond the values listed herein is not permitted.^(ACU3)
- **7.4.** The panels are manufactured in the production facility(ies) noted in this report.^(NACU8)

8. EVIDENCE SUBMITTED

NTA, Inc. has examined the following evidence to evaluate this product:

- 8.1. Review of plant quality assurance manual
- **8.2.** Plant certification inspection of manufacturer's production facilities, test procedures, frequency and quality control sampling methods, test equipment and equipment calibration procedures, test records, dates and causes of failures when applicable.
- 8.3. Licensed Qualification Data from NTA Listing SIPA120908-10

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- **8.4.** Follow-up quality assurance audits of the production facility(ies).
- **8.5.** Follow-up testing in accordance with NTA, Inc. *Inspection Method 14.0* (IM14).

Evaluation evidence and data are on file with NTA, Inc. NTA, Inc.is accredited by the International Accreditation Service (IAS) as follows:

ISO17020 Inspection Agency (AA-682) ISO17025 Testing Laboratory (TL-259) ISO Guide 65 Product Certification Agency (PCA-102)

The scope of accreditation related to testing, inspection or product certification pertain only to the test methods and/or standard referenced therein. Design parameters and the application of building code requirements, such as special inspection, have not been reviewed by IAS and are not covered in the accreditation. Product evaluations are performed under the direct supervision of Professional Engineers licensed in all jurisdictions within the United States as required by the building code and state engineering board rules.

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NTA, INC. • 305 NORTH OAKLAND AVENUE • P.O. BOX 490 • NAPPANEE, INDIANA 46550 WEB: WWW.NTAINC.COM

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9. FINDINGS

All panels are manufactured under an in-plant Quality Assurance program to insure that the production quality meets or exceeds the requirements of the codes noted herein and the criteria as established by NTA, Inc. Furthermore, panels must comply with the conditions of this report.

This report expires one year from the issue date noted below.

10. IDENTIFICATION

Each eligible panel shall be permanently marked to provide the following information:

a) The NTA, Inc. listing mark, shown below;

Listing Report: PSC121907-22

- b) NTA's Listing No. PSC121907-22;
- c) in-plant quality assurance stamp;
- d) identifier for production facility;
- e) project or batch number.





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Table 1: Basic Properties^{1, 2}

	Weak-Axis	Strong-Axis
Property	Bending	Bending
Allowable Tensile Stress, F_t (psi)	245	495
Allowable Compressive Stress, F_c (psi)	355	575
Elastic Modulus (Bending), <i>E</i> _b (psi)	771000	760000
Shear Modulus, G (psi)	300	440
Allowable Core Shear Stress, F_{ν} (psi)	6.4	6.4
Reference Depth, h _o (in.)	4.625	4.625
Shear Depth Factor Exponent, m	0.86	0.86

All properties are based on a minimum panel width of 24-inches.

² Refer to *NTA IM14 TIP 01 SIP Design Guide* for details on engineered design using basic panel properties.

Panel	Core	Dead	Facing	Shear Area,	Moment of	Section	Radius of	Centroid-to-
Thickness,	Thickness,	Weight, w _d	Area, A _f	A _v	Inertia, I	Modulus, S	Gyration, r	Facing Dist., y _c
<i>h</i> (in.)	<i>c</i> (in.)	(psf)	(in.²/ft)	(in.²/ft)	(in.⁴/ft)	(in. ³ /ft)	(in.)	(in.)
4.63	3.75	3.17	10.50	50.25	46.03	19.90	2.09	2.31
6.50	5.63	3.33	10.50	72.75	96.48	29.69	3.03	3.25
8.25	7.38	3.47	10.50	93.75	160.22	38.84	3.91	4.13
10.25	9.38	3.64	10.50	117.75	252.75	49.32		
12.25	11.38	3.81	10.50	141.75	366.28	59.80		

Table 2: Section Properties

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Table 3: Allowable Uniform Transverse Loads⁴

Panel	4-5/8	-inch Thicl	< SIP	6-1/2-inch Thick SIP			
Length	Deflection Limit ²			Deflection Limit ²			
(ft)	L/180	180 L/240 L/360			L/240	L/360	
8 WAB ³	50.8	44.6	29.7	75.8	71.0	47.3	
8	76.4	57.3	38.2	104.8	94.0	62.7	
10	50.4	37.8	25.2	80.6	64.5	43.0	
12	34.6	26.0	17.3	61.0	45.8	30.5	
14	24.6	18.4	12.3	44.5	33.4	22.3	
16				33.2	24.9	16.6	
18				25.3	19.0	12.7	

See Table 4 for notes.

Table 4: Allowable Uniform Transverse Loads (continued)⁴

Panel	8-1/4-inch Thick SIP			10-1/4	10-1/4-inch Thick SIP			12-1/4-inch Thick SIP		
Length	De	flection Lin	nit ²	Deflection Limit ²			Deflection Limit ²			
(ft)	L/180	L/240	L/360	L/180	L/240	L/360	L/180	L/240	L/360	
8 WAB ³	99.1	96.2	64.1	125.9	125.4	83.6	139.6	139.6	103.2	
8	115.4	115.4	86.5	127.4	127.4	114.3	139.6	139.6	139.6	
10	87.9	87.9	60.8	95.7	95.7	82.0	103.4	103.4	103.4	
12	70.9	66.2	44.1	76.6	76.6	60.6	82.1	82.1	77.8	
14	59.5	49.2	32.8	63.9	63.9	45.9	68.1	68.1	59.7	
16	49.8	37.4	24.9	54.8	53.0	35.3	58.1	58.1	46.6	
18	38.5	28.9	19.2	48.0	41.5	27.7	50.7	50.7	36.9	
20	30.2	22.7	15.1	40.7	33.0	22.0	45.0	44.3	29.6	

Table values assume a simply supported panel with 1.5-inches of continuous bearing on facing at supports ($C_v = 1.0$) with splines at bearing locations. Values do not include the dead weight of the panel. $C_v=0.4$ Shall be used where no bearing is provided. Deflection limit shall be selected by building designer based on the serviceability requirements of the structure and the

requirements of adopted building code. Deflection values based on loads of short duration only and do not consider effects of creep. ³ Tabulated values are based on the strong-axis of the facing material oriented parallel to the span direction. WAB indicates weakaxis bending of the facing material (i.e. the facing material weak-axis is parallel to the span direction). ⁴Permanent loads, such as dead load, shall not exceed 0.50 times the tabulated load.

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Lateral Brace	Panel Thickness						
(ft)	4-5/8-inches	6-1/2-inches	8-1/4-inches				
8 WAB⁵	2420	2580	2650				
8	3700	4080	4230				
10	3370	3930	4140				
12	2990	3730	4020				
14		3500	3890				
16		3240	3720				
18		2960	3540				
20			3340				

Table 5: Allowable Axial Loads (plf)^{1,2,3,4,6}

1. Permanent loads, such as dead load, shall not exceed 0.50 times the tabulated load.

2. All values are for normal duration and may not be increased for other durations.

3. Axial loads shall be applied concentrically to the top of the panel through repetitive members spaced not more than 24-inches on center. Such members shall be fastened to a rim board or similar member to distribute along the top of the SIP panel.

The ends of both facings must bear on the supporting foundation or structure to achieve the tabulated axial loads.

5. Tabulated values are based on the strong-axis of the facing material oriented parallel to the span direction. WAB indicates weak-axis bending of the facing material (i.e. the facing material weak-axis is parallel to the span direction).

	Nominal SIP	Minim	Shear		
Spline Type ³	Thickness (in.)	Chord ²	Plate ²	Spline ³	Strength (plf)
Block or	4.625	0.131"x 2-1/2" nails, 6" oc	0.131"x 2-1/2" nails, 6" oc	0.131"x 2-1/2" nails, 6" oc	380
Surface	6.625	0.131"x 2-1/2" nails, 6" oc	0.131"x 2-1/2" nails, 6" oc	0.131"x 2-1/2" nails, 6" oc	380
Spline	8.375	0.131"x 2-1/2" nails, 6" oc	0.131"x 2-1/2" nails, 6" oc	0.131"x 2-1/2" nails, 6" oc	400

Table 6: Allowable In-Plane Shear Strength (Pounds per Foot) for SIP Shear Walls (Wind and Seismic Loads in Seismic Design Categories A, B and C)^{1,2}

Maximum shear wall dimension ratio shall not exceed 2:1 (height : width) for resisting wind or seismic loads.

² Chords, holdowns, and connection to other structural elements must be designed by a registered design professional in accordance with accepted engineering practice.

³ Spline type at interior panel-to-panel joints only, solid chord members are required at each end of each shearwall segment.
 ⁴ Required connections must be made on each side of the panel. Dimensional or engineered lumber shall have an equivalent specific gravity of 0.42 or greater.

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Table 7: Approved Material Sources ¹									
Facing	Core	Adhesive							
Ainsworth Lumber Co. Ltd.	Falcon Foam,	Rohm & Haas Chemicals LLC							
Suite 3194 Bentall 4	A Division of Atlas Roofing	2531 Technology Drive							
1055 Dunsmuir Street	8240 Byron Center SW	Elgin, IL 60124:							
Vancouver BC, Canada V7X 1L3:	Byron Center, MI 49315:	Mor-Ad™ M-640,							
Bemidji, MN (Mill 353)	Falcon Foam Expanded	Mor-Ad™ M-642							
Barwick, Ontario (Mill 498)	Polystyrene Insulation Boards (Type I)	Mor-Ad™ M-6575							
Tolko Industries Ltd	AFM Corporation	Ashland Specialty Chemical Company							
3203 30 th Avenue	211 S River Ridge Circle, #102A	5200 Blazer Parkway							
Vernon BC, Canada V1T 6M1:	Burnsville, MN 55337:	Dublin, OH 43017:							
High Prairie, AB (Mill 450)	Foam-Control EPS Boards (Type I)	ISOSET [®] EPI WD3-A322 with							
Meadow Lake, SK (Mill 492)		ISOSETCX47							
		ISOSET [®] EPI WD3-A320 with							
		ISOSETCX47							
	OPCO, Inc.								
	P.O. Box 101								
	Latrobe, PA 15650								
	EPS Boards (Type I)								
	Powerfoam Insulation								
	550 Murray Street/Highway 287								
	Midlothian, TX 76065								
	EPS Boards (Type I)								
	Iowa EPS Products, Inc.								
	5554 N.E. 18 [™] Street								
	Des Moines, Iowa 50313								
1	EPS Boards (Type I)								

Panels may be composed of any combination of approved materials. Contact NTA, Inc. for details on identification and labeling of source material.

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Accessories





ExpressHeader- Insulated Header

Great for both SIP Panel walls and standard applications







SIP Panel Lifting Plates

1/4" Steel Construction- 16 pre-drilled holes for # 10 screws



SCREW CAPACITY CALCULATION:

REF: APA TT-051B REF: NDS 11.2-2						LIFT PLATE		
OSB	ULT	FACTOR	NORMAL	OSB	#10	SPEC	DESIGN	
THICK	PULL	SAFETY	DURATION	THICK	SCREW	GRAV	PULL	USE
		6	INC 10%		DIAM	OSB	CAPACITY	LOWEST
	(LBS)	(LBS)	(LBS)		(IN)	(LOW)	(LBS)	(LBS)
7/16"	241	40.1	44.1	7/16"	0.19	0.45	48.0	44.1

PLATE CAPACITY CALCULATION:

							LIFTING	CAPACITY
MAX	MAX	WEIGHT	MAX	PLATES	SCREWS	#10	TOTAL	TOTAL
WIDTH	LENGTH	12.25"	PANEL	PER	PER	SCREW	FOR	FOR
(FT)	(FT)	(PSF)	WEIGHT	PANEL	PLATE	CAPACITY	PLATE	тwо
8	24	3.81	731.52	2	16	44.1	705.6	1411.2

NOTES:

- SCREWS ARE TO BE #10 WITH THREADS EXTENDING TO HEAD TO ENSURE FULL EMBEDMENT IN OSB

- SCREW LENGTH MUST ENSURE FULL PENETRATION OF 7/16" OSB SKIN

- ALL HOLES TO BE FILLED PRIOR TO LIFTING THE PANEL

- LIFT PLATES MUST BE USED IN PAIRS FOR LARGE PANELS

- DESIGNED FOR A FACTOR OF SAFETY MORE THAN 10, BASED ON THE WEIGHT OF THE HEAVIEST PANEL

- MUST ENSURE A MINIMUM FACTOR OF SAFETY OF 6 WHEN USING THE PLATES
SIP Fasteners

For Structural Insulated Panel and Nail Base Construction



APPLICATION

TRUFAST SIP Fasteners are specifically engineered for attaching structural insulated panels (sips) and nail base panels to wood and metal framing. Featuring a large, pancake head style with a 6-lobe drive, TRUFAST SIP Fasteners drive quickly and smoothly, and draw panels securely without the need of a washer. And only TRUFAST offers three fastener styles for use in wood, corrugated steel, and steel members without pre-drilling! Contact your panel manufacturer or distributor and ask to test drive a TRUFAST SIP Fastener, and see why they're the #1 fastener in the SIP industry.

PRODUCT FEATURES

- Case hardened and tempered for easy installation and long term durability.
- Large diameter, low profile pancake head provides excellent pull-through resistance without the need for a washer while eliminating "telegraphing" on shingles, metal panels and other roof surface materials.
- 6-Lobe internal drive offers excellent bit engagement during installation, especially in high torque applications.
- Widest selection of fastener lengths in the industry for proper sizing to panel thickness.
- Choice of 3 thread/point styles for job-matched performance in either wood or steel substrates.



PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Material: Head Style/Drive: Head Diameter:	Case hardened and tempered carbon steel Pancake Head with T-30 Internal Drive 0.625"
Nominal Shank Diameter:	SIPTP and SIPLD: 0.190"
	SIPHD: 0.212"
Thread Length:	SIPTP* and SIPLD: 2.750"
·	SIPHD: 3.875"
	* 3" and longer fasteners; 2" and 2-1/2" fasteners are full thread
Overall Lengths:	SIPTP: 2" thru 18"
	SIPLD: 3" thru 18"
	SIPHD: 6" thru 13-3/4"
Point:	SIPTP: Gimlet Thread
	SIPLD: #2 (0.135" dia.) Drill Point
	SIPHD: #4 (0.225" dia.) Drill Point
Coating:	Epoxy e-coat (black)
	Passes more than 15 cycles (Kesternich) in accordance with DIN 50012





ALTENLOH, BRINCK & CO Group ributed in Ontario by Phoenix Building Components

SIP Fasteners

PRODUCT SELECTION

gth	SIPTP	SIPLD	
(mm)	Part #	Part #	Pkg. Qty.
(51)	SIPTP-2000	NA	500/Pail
(64)	SIPTP-2500	NA	500/Pail
(76)	SIPTP-3000	SIPLD-3000	500/Pail
(89)	SIPTP-3500	SIPLD-3500	500/Pail
(102)	SIPTP-4000	SIPLD-4000	500/Pail
(114)	SIPTP-4500	SIPLD-4500	500/Pail
(127)	SIPTP-5000	SIPLD-5000	500/Pail
(140)	SIPTP-5500	SIPLD-5500	500/Pail
(152)	SIPTP-6000	SIPLD-6000	500/Pail
(165)	SIPTP-6500	SIPLD-6500	500/Pail
(178)	SIPTP-7000	SIPLD-7000	500/Pail
(191)	SIPTP-7500	SIPLD-7500	500/Pail
(203)	SIPTP-8000	SIPLD-8000	500/Pail
(216)	NA	SIPLD-8500	250/Pail
(229)	SIPTP-9000	SIPLD-9000	250/Pail
(254)	SIPTP-10000	SIPLD-10000	250/Pail
(279)	SIPTP-11000	SIPLD-11000	250/Pail
(305)	SIPTP-12000	SIPLD-12000	250/Pail
(330)	SIPTP-13000	SIPLD-13000	250/Box
(356)	SIPTP-14000	SIPLD-14000	250/Box
(381)	SIPTP-15000	SIPLD-15000	250/Box
(406)	SIPTP-16000	SIPLD-16000	250/Box
(483)	SIPTP-18000	SIPLD-18000	250/Box
	th (mm) (64) (76) (89) (102) (114) (127) (140) (152) (178) (178) (191) (203) (216) (229) (254) (279) (305) (330) (356) (381) (406) (483)	SIPTP Part # (51) SIPTP-2000 (64) SIPTP-2500 (76) SIPTP-3000 (89) SIPTP-3000 (89) SIPTP-3000 (102) SIPTP-3000 (114) SIPTP-4000 (114) SIPTP-5000 (127) SIPTP-5000 (140) SIPTP-5000 (152) SIPTP-6000 (152) SIPTP-7000 (154) SIPTP-7000 (191) SIPTP-7000 (203) SIPTP-9000 (216) NA (229) SIPTP-10000 (254) SIPTP-10000 (305) SIPTP-11000 (305) SIPTP-13000 (356) SIPTP-14000 (381) SIPTP-16000 (406) SIPTP-16000 (433) SIPTP-18000	SIPTP Part # SIPLD Part # (51) SIPTP-2000 NA (64) SIPTP-2000 NA (76) SIPTP-2000 NA (76) SIPTP-3000 SIPLD-3000 (89) SIPTP-3000 SIPLD-3000 (102) SIPTP-4000 SIPLD-4000 (114) SIPTP-4000 SIPLD-4000 (114) SIPTP-5000 SIPLD-5000 (127) SIPTP-5000 SIPLD-5000 (140) SIPTP-5000 SIPLD-6000 (152) SIPTP-6000 SIPLD-6000 (153) SIPTP-7000 SIPLD-7000 (154) SIPTP-7000 SIPLD-7000 (191) SIPTP-7000 SIPLD-8000 (203) SIPTP-9000 SIPLD-8000 (216) NA SIPLD-9000 (229) SIPTP-10000 SIPLD-10000 (254) SIPTP-10000 SIPLD-11000 (300) SIPTP-13000 SIPLD-13000 (301) SIPTP-15000 SIPLD-14000 (314)

NOTE: Two T-30 Driver Bits included in each package

Leng	gth	SIPHD	
in.	(mm)	Part #	Pkg. Qty.
6	(152)	SIPHD-6000	500/Pail
8	(203)	SIPHD-8000	250/Pail
9-3/4	(248)	SIPHD-9750	250/Pail
11-3/4	(298)	SIPHD-11750	250/Pail
13-3/4	(349)	SIPHD-13750	250/Box

NOTE: Two T-30 Driver Bits included in each package



NOTE: All tests were conducted by an independent testing laboratory. Test results are offered only as a guide and are not guaranteed in any way by TRUFAST, LLC. "Head Pull-Thru", "Withdrawal", and "Lateral Load" data reflect average

ultimate values.

TRUFAST, LLC

02105 Williams County Road 12-C Bryan, OH 43506 Phone: 419-636-6715 or 800-443-9602 Fax: 419-636-1784 Email: sales@trufast.com www.trufast.com Distributed in Ontario by Phoenix Building Components

FASTENER DIMENSIONS



PERFORMANCE DATA

	Tensile	Shear	Head Pull-Thru Values	
Fastener	Strength	Strength	7/16" OSB	SIP Panel
SIPTP	3380 lbf.	2900 lbf.	545 lbf.	630 lbf.
SIPLD	3380 lbf.	2900 lbf.	545 lbf.	630 lbf.
SIPHD	6000 lbf.	3400 lbf.	545 lbf.	630 lbf.

Withdrawal Values in Wood*

Specific Gravity 0.67 0.55 0.50 0.46 0.43 0.36 0.31 SIPTP & SIPLD: 1429 1173 1067 981 917 768 661 *Values are in lb/in. of thread penetration

Withdrawal Values in Steel

Type B Corrugated	22 ga	20 ga	18 ga		
SIPLD:	510 lbf	645 lbf	920 lbf		
Structural Steel	16 ga	13 ga	12 ga	3/16"	1/4"
SIPHD:	770 lbf	1130 lbf	1690 lbf	3100 lbf	4500 lbf

Lateral Load Resistance

Fastener	Main Member	Side Member	Load (lbf.)
SIPTP	SPF 2x4	SIP Panel	943
SIPLD	22 ga. Corrugated Steel	Nail Base	411
SIPLD	7/16" OSB	Nail Base	112
SIPHD	1/8" Structural Steel	SIP Panel	929





ALTENLOH, BRINCK & CO Group



Dymonic® FC

Fast Curing, Low Modulus, Silane End-Capped, Polyurethane Hybrid Sealant

Product Description

Dymonic[®] FC is a low modulus, one-component, moisture-cure, polyurethane hybrid sealant. Formulated with proprietary silane end-capped polymer technology, Dymonic FC provides the best performance characteristics of polyurethane and silicone sealants.

Basic Uses

Dymonic FC is a durable, flexible, sealant that offers excellent performance in moving joints and exhibits tenacious adhesion once fully cured. Typical applications for Dymonic FC include expansion and control joints, precast concrete panel joints, perimeter caulking (windows, door, panels), EIFS, aluminum, masonry & vinyl siding.

Features and Benefits

Dymonic FC is fast curing with a skin time of 60 minutes and a tack-free time of 3-4 hours to significantly reduce dirt pickup. It will not green crack due to early movement and has an exceptional movement capability of +/- 35%. Dymonic FC is also low VOC, paintable and will not crack or craze under UV exposure.

Colors

Almond, Beige, Black, Anodized Aluminum, Aluminum Stone, Buff, Dark Bronze, Gray, Limestone, Off White, Redwood Tan, Stone, White, Natural Clay, Bronze and Ivory.

Packaging

10.1 oz (300 ml) cartridges; 20 oz (600 ml) sausages; 2 (7.6 L), 3 (11.4 L) and 5 (19 L) gallon pails.

Coverage Rates

308 linear feet of joint per gallon for a 1/4" X 1/4" joint. For specific coverage rates that include joint size, and usage efficiencies, visit our website usage calculator at www. tremcosealants.com.

Applicable Standards

Dymonic FC meets or exceeds the requirements of the following specifications

- ASTM C 920 Type S, Grade NS, Class 35, Use NT, M, A, and O
- U.S. Federal Specification TT-S-00230C, Class A, Type II
- CAN/CGSB-19.13-M87

Fire-rated Systems

FF-D-1063, FW-D-1059, HW-D-1054, WW-D-1054.

Joint Design

Dymonic may be used in any vertical or horizontal joint designed in accordance with accepted architectural/engineering practices. Joint width should be 4 times anticipated movement, but not less than 1/4" (6.4mm).

Joint Backing

Closed cell or reticulated polyethylene backer rod is recommended as joint backing to control sealant depth and to ensure intimate contact of sealant with joint walls when tooling. Where depth of joint will prevent the use of backer rod, an adhesive backed polyethylene tape (bond breaker tape) should be used to prevent three-sided adhesion. All backing should be dry at time of sealant application.

TYPICAL PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Rheological Properties (ASTM C 639): Extrusion Rate (ASTM C 1183): Hardness Properties (ASTM C 661): Weight Loss (ASTM C 1246): Skin Time (no applicable test method) Tack Free Time (ASTM C 679): Stain & Color Change (ASTM C 510): Adhesion-in-Peel (ASTM C 794):

Effects of Accelerated Aging (ASTM C 793): Movement Capability: non-sag (NS), 0" of sag in channel 93.1 ml/min. 25 Pass 1 hour 3-4 hours No visible color change/No stain Aluminum 20-25 pli (89-112N) Concrete 18-22 pli (80-98N) No Adhesion Loss Pass +/- 35%

www.tremcosealants.com

Distributed in Ontario by Phoenix Building Components



Sealant Dimensions

W = Sealant width, D = Sealant depth, C = Contact area.



EXPANSION JOINTS - The minimum width and depth of any sealant application should be 1/4" by 1/4" (6mm by 6mm).

The depth (D) of sealant may be equal to the width (W) of joints that are less than 1/2" wide. For joints ranging from 1/2" to 1" (13mm to 25mm) wide, the sealant depth should be approximately one-half of the joint width.

The maximum depth (D) of any sealant application should be 1/2" (13mm). For joints that are wider than 1" (25mm) contact Tremco's Technical Service Department, or your local Tremco field representative.

WINDOW PERIMETERS – For fillet beads, or angle beads around windows and doors, the sealant should exhibit a minimum surface contact area (C) of 1/4" onto each substrate.

Surface Preparations

Surfaces must be sound, clean, and dry. All release agents, existing waterproofing, dust, loose mortar, laitance, paints, or other finishes must be removed. This can be accomplished with a thorough wire brushing, grinding, sandblasting, or solvent washing, depending on the contamination.

Tremco recommends that surface temperatures be $40^{\circ}F$ (5°C) or above at the time the sealant is applied. If sealant must be applied in temperatures below $40^{\circ}F$, please refer to the Tremco Guide for Applying Sealants in Cold Weather that can be found on our website at www.tremcosealants.com.

Priming

Where deemed necessary, use Tremco Primer #1 or TREMprime Silicone Porous Primer for porous surfaces, and TREMprime Non-Porous Primer for metals or plastics. Dymonic FC typically adheres to common construction substrates without primers; however, Tremco always recommends that a mock-up or field adhesion test be performed on the actual materials being used on the job to verify the need for a primer. A description of the field adhesion test can be found in appendixes X1 of ASTM C 1193, Standard Guide for Use of Joint Sealants.

Application

Dymonic FC is easy to apply with conventional caulking equipment. Ensure that the backer rod is friction fitted properly and any primers have been applied. Fill the joint completely with a proper width-to-depth ratio and tool to insure intimate contact of sealant with joint walls. Dry tooling is always preferred, although xylene can be used in limited amounts to slick the spatula if needed.

For a cleaner finish, mask the sides of the joint with tape prior to filling.

Cure Time

Dymonic FC generally cures at a rate of 3/32" per day at 75°F (24°C) and 50% relative humidity. Dymonic FC will skin in 1 hour and be tack free in 3-4 hours. The cure time will increase as temperatures and/or humidity decrease. A good rule of thumb is one additional day for every 10°F decrease in temperature.

Clean up

Excess sealant and smears adjacent to the joint interface can be carefully removed with xylene or mineral spirits before the sealant cures. Any utensils used for tooling can also be cleaned with xylene or mineral spirits.

Limitations

- Do not apply over damp or contaminated surfaces.
- Use with adequate ventilation.
- Do not use under polyurethane deck coatings unless the sealant is fully cured.
- Always utilize the accompanying MSDS for information on Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), and health Hazards.

Warranty

Tremco warrants its sealants to be free of defects in materials, but makes no warranty as to appearance or color. Since methods of application and on-site conditions are beyond our control and can affect performance, Tremco makes no other warranty, expressed or implied including warranties of MERCHANTABILITY and FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, with respect to Tremco sealants. Tremco's sole obligation shall be, at its option, to replace or refund the purchase of the quantity of Tremco sealant proven to be defective and Tremco shall not be liable for any loss or damage.





Cancels and replaces 030828CAN11E

RED ZONE Air / Water barrier membrane

Description:

RESISTO RED ZONE is a self-adhesive membrane composed of elastomeric bitumen and a polyethylene woven complex surface. The self-adhesive underface is covered with a silicone release paper.

The RED ZONE waterproofing membranes allow the realization of many jobs, such as:

- Waterproofing details around windows, doors and any other openings.
- Crack repairing, joint waterproofing, etc.
- Air and vapour barrier.

Properties:

Properties	Standards	RED-ZONE
Thickness (mm)	-	1.0
Top face	-	Polyethylene Woven Complex
Underface	-	Silicone release paper
Tensile strength, MD/XD (kN/m)	ASTM D5147	11.3 / 15.4 (64 / 88 lb/in.)
Ultimate elongation, MD/XD (%)	ASTM D5147	40 / 25
Static puncture (%)	ASTM D5602	400 (90 lb)
Tear resistance, MD/XD (N)	ASTM D5601	375 / 400 (84 / 90 lb)
Cold temperature flexibility (°C)	ASTM D1970	-35
Lap adhesion (N/m)	ASTM D1876	2 000
Peel resistance (N/m)	ASTM D903	2 800
Water absorption (%)	ASTM D5147	0.1 max
Water Vapour Permeance (ng/Pa.s.m ²)	ASTM E96 (Procedure B)	0.90 (0.016 perm)
Air Permeability (L/sec?m ²)	ASTM E283 (75 Pa)	< 0.0003
Resistance to gust wind load	ASTM E330 (3000 Pa – 10 s)	No delamination or variation in the air permeability
Resistance to sustained wind load	ASTM E330 (100 Pa – 1 h)	No delamination or variation in the air permeability

(All values are nominal)

Application conditions:	Available in regular grade for applications at temperatures above 10 °C and "Winter" grade for applications at temperatures between –10 °C and 10 °C. Apply to dry and clean surface, free of oil, grease or residue. The use of a primer may be recommended in certain conditions.
Packaging:	Presented in 50 ft rolls, in a box. Available widths: 4" (10 cm) ? 6" (15 cm) ? 9" (23 cm) ? 12" (30 cm) ? 18" (46 cm) ? 36" (91 cm)
General instructions:	 Brush and dry the surface. Use a sample to test the adhesion of the surface. In more difficult applications, requiring perfect waterproofing or when applied in widths greater than 18" (46 cm), it is mandatory to use the RESISTO EXTERIOR PRIMER to obtain maximum adherence to the substrate. Cut and carefully position the membrane on the surface to be covered. Peel the protective sheet back 10-cm and apply the membrane. Continue peeling the protective sheet back by rolling it around an appropriate item. Press down the membrane to increase adhesion.
Limitations:	RED ZONE is not intended to be left exposed. In applications where the membrane must remain exposed, use the RESISTO MULTIPURPOSE WATERPROOFING TAPE. It can be applied on most surfaces with joints, cracks, stable openings, etc.
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NOTE: SOPREMA INC. may modify the composition and/or utilisation of its products without prior notice. Consequently orders will be filled according to the latest specification.